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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/526,903	03/07/2005	Koji Sahashi	1761.1073	7847
21171	7590	01/09/2008		
STAAS & HALSEY LLP SUITE 700 1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005			EXAMINER EDWARDS JR, TIMOTHY	
			ART UNIT 2612	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 01/09/2008	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/526,903

Applicant(s)

SAHASHI ET AL.

Examiner

Timothy Edwards, Jr.

Art Unit

2612

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 October 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-31 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-31 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-9, 12-31 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Applicant amended the independent claim facilitating a new ground(s) of rejection.

Allowable Subject Matter

2. The indicated allowability of claims 10 and 11 is withdrawn in view of the newly discovered reference(s) to Yokohama Rubber Co. (JP 10-019710 A). Rejections based on the newly cited reference(s) follow.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

4. Claims 1-5, 7, 28-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ghabra et al '985.

Considering (amended) claim 1, Ghabra discloses a wireless sensor system comprising, a) a plurality of sensors to detect respective parameters (see col 5, lines 11-13 and fig 1, items 16; b) a sensor signal to transmit wireless sensor signals (see col 5, lines 26-31 and fig 1, item 20); c) an electric power receiver to receive wirelessly an electric operating power required to drive the sensors and the signal transmitter (see col 2, lines 43-61 and abstract); d) a sensor receiver for receiving signal from the sensors (see col 5, lines 38-41); e) an electric power transmitter to transmit the electric operating power wirelessly (see col 3, lines 9-19); f) only one sensor signal receiver is provided to commonly receiving the sensor signal from the plural sensors (see fig 1, item 26).

Considering claim 2, Ghabra discloses the limitation of this claim (see col 5, lines 26-28 and lines 51-53).

Considering claims 3-5 Ghabra discloses the limitations of these claims (see col 5, lines 26-37).

Considering claim 7, Ghabra discloses the limitation of this claim (see fig 1).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 6, 16-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ghabra '985.

Considering claim 6, Ghabra does not specifically recite his sensors mounted on the bearings in a machine part. However, Ghabra discloses the monitoring of pressure and temperature associated with the rotation of an object and its speed (see col 5, lines 20-25). One of ordinary skill in the art would readily recognize the parameters which are monitored by Ghabra are same parameters which would be monitored (bearings) in a machine part. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art the Ghabra system would function in a bearing monitoring environment.

Considering claims 16-18, 28-31 the limitations of this claims are interpreted and rejected as stated in claims 1 and 6.

Considering claims 19-21, Ghabra does not specifically recite a rotational sensor including a multi-polar magnet. Ghabra discloses the use of a plurality of sensing devices associated with rotation of a component (see col 5, lines 26-37). One of ordinary skill in the art would readily recognize the use of any type of rotational sensor is within the scope of the Ghabra system because Ghabra is concern with the sensing of rotational devices and Ghabra discloses the use of a plurality of sensing devices associated with rotation of an assembly. Applicant admits (page 2, 2nd paragraph) the use of multi-polar device to detect rotation of a device is well known in the art.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use a known rotational detect device on the rotational device in the Ghabra system because Ghabra

is concern with the use of a plurality of sensing devices associated with equipment comprising bearing assembly.

Considering claims 22-24, Ghabra does not specifically recite a magnetic sensor is a magneto resistive sensor. Obviousness is as stated in claims 19-21.

Considering claims 25-27, Ghabra does not specifically recite the location of his sensor relevant to bearing of the device. Arranging the devices such that they would not be susceptible to dirt and icing suggest sealing the devices in a sealed compartment or container. One of ordinary skill in the art readily recognizes the sensor must be place near or within an area such that the device would be able to sense the given parameter in an environment free of hazardous contaminate to obtain accurate measurements unobstructed. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art this limitation is within the scope of the Ghabra system because Ghabra discloses a sensors located on a vehicle wheel and transmitting with respect to the rotation of the wheel.

7. Claims 8-13, 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yokohama Rubber Co ("Yokohama") cited in PCT/JP03/11459.

Considering (amended) claim 8, Yokohama disclose a) a plurality of wireless sensor units (see fig 3, item 10); 1) the sensor unit includes an electric power receiver having a tuning circuit and a detecting and rectifying circuit to secure an electric operation power from an electromagnetic wave of a predetermined power feeding frequency (see

paragraph 0006); b) a sensor signal receiving unit to supply wirelessly the electric operating power to each of the wireless sensor units, the sensor receiving unit including an electric power transmitter to transmit wirelessly an electromagnetic wave of the predetermined power feeding frequency and the sensor signal receiver receives the wireless sensor signal of the natural frequency that is transmitted from each sensor unit (see paragraph 0007); c) only one sensor signal receiver is provided to receive the sensor signals (see fig 1, item 20).

Considering claim 9, Yokohama discloses the limitation of this claim (see paragraph 0024).

Considering claim 10, the limitations of this claim are interpreted and rejected as stated in claim 8. Yokohama disclose 1) sensor receiver unit include a plurality of tuning circuit to receive a signal of a single frequency corresponding to the assigned natural frequency of the wireless sensor signal (see paragraph 0032 and fig 4); 2) a switching detector for switching among the tuning circuit (see paragraph 0062 and fig 4, item 21).

Considering claim 11, the limitations of this claim are interpreted and rejected as stated in claim 10.

Considering claims 12, 13 Yokohama disclose the limitations of these claims (see paragraphs 0032-0035).

Considering claim 15, Yokohama discloses the limitation of this claim (see paragraph 0014).

8. Claim 14, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yokohama.

Considering claim 14, Yokohama does not specifically recite his sensors mounted on the bearings in a machine part. However, Yokohama discloses the monitoring of pressure and temperature associated with the rotation of an object (see paragraph 0014). One of ordinary skill in the art would readily recognize the parameters which are monitored by Yokohama are same parameters which would be monitored (bearings) in a machine part. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art the Yokohama system would function in a bearing monitoring environment.

Conclusion

If the claimed invention is amended, Applicant is respectfully requested to indicate the portion(s) of the specification, which dictate(s) the structure/description relied upon to assist the Examiner in proper interpretation of the amended language and also to verify and ascertain the metes and bounds of the claimed invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Examiner Timothy Edwards, Jr. at telephone number (571) 272-3067. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 8:00 a.m.-6:00 p.m. The examiner cannot be reached on Fridays.

If attempt to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Zimmerman, can be reached at (571) 272-3059.

Application/Control Number:
10/526,903
Art Unit: 2612

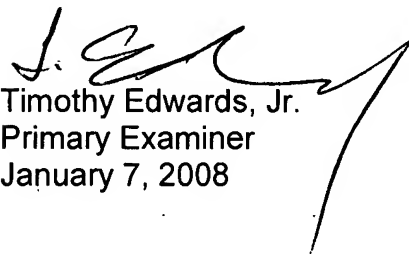
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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-4700, Mon-Fri., 8:30 a.m.-5:00 p.m.

Any response to this action should be fax to:

(571) 273-8300 (for formal communications intended for entry).

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov> or contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



Timothy Edwards, Jr.
Primary Examiner
January 7, 2008